post-graduate courses in Delhi University colleges during the last three years and the number of them who left the colleges on completion of their studies;

(b) whether Government are aware that several colleges of the University, including the Moti Lal Nehru College, do not refund the amount of Security, at the time of leaving the college, to the students deposited by them at the time of their admission;

(c) if so, what is the number of students who have not been refunded their security by their respective colleges;

(d) whether Government propose to conduct an enquiry to look into the reasons for which the amount of security has not been refunded by such colleges so far; and

(e) what steps are proposed to be taken by Government to ensure that security is immediately refunded to the concerned students by their respective colleges?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI CHIMAN-BHAI MEHTA): (a) to (e) The information is being collected and would be laid on the Table of the Sabha.

Publication of Documents of the Central Bank of Sweden concerning AB Bofors

423. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA:
SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to a report which appeared in the Hindu, dated the 15th February, 1990, wherein documents purporting to be correspondence records of the Central Bank of Sweden have been published;

(b) whether Government have investigated this report, if so, with what results and if not, the reasons therefor; and

(c) whether Government have taken up this particular report with M/s. AB Bofors for clarifications; if so, with what results, if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (DR. RAJA RAMANNA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) The CBI have taken note of this material and are pursuing the matter in a Letter Rogatory given to the Swedish authorities on 2nd April, 1990.

Flouting of policies in giving approval to technical institutions

424. SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE:
SHRI VIREN J. SHAH:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the news item which appeared in the *Indian Express* dated the 19th April, 1990 to the effect that the All India Council for Technical Education has flouted its own policies in granting Central approval to a host of technical institutions of dubious standing, overriding the objections of State Governments and expert committees for the sake of political favours or for big money for their promoters;

(b) what are the names of technical institutions, granted approval so far, statewise;

(c) whether investigations have been or are proposed to be made to identify the circumstances of the approval being granted; if so, what are the findings and the follow-up action; and

(d) what are the details of the fresh guidelines in this regard, if any?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI CHIMAN-

BHAI MEHTA): (a) to (d) The news item which appeared in the Indian Express of 19th April, 1990 refers to the functioning of the All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE). Initially set up as an apex advisory body in 1945, AICTE was given statutory status on 28th March, 1988. Under the Act, AICTE has been empowered *inter alia*, to grant approval for starting new technical institutions and for introduction of new courses and programmes. For considering such proposals the AICTE adopted the norms, guidelines and procedures followed by the erstwhile AICTE. Proposals for starting new technical institutions are taken up with the consultation of State Governments and are considered for aproval on the basis of inspections and recommendations by Expert Committees. In order to deal with urgent proposals of the State Governments the Chairman has also set up a National Expert Committee with representation from the State Governments, subject experts, and others concerned.

These Committees considered proposals on the basis of norms and guidelines laid down by the Council in respect of physical infrastructure, financial viability, faculty strength and other academic aspects. In respect of admission and fees the norms of respective State Governments have been permitted for the present. Approval in principle has been given in a few cases subject to fufilment of norms and standards and subsequent visits by the Expert Committees. The names of technical institutions, state-wise, which have been granted approval by the statutory AICTE are appended as Statement. (*See* below). While no State Government has objected to approvals given by the All India Council for Technical Education, some State Governments have asked for a greater role for the State Governments in the functioning of the AICTE. Any specific complaints or suggestions which are received are looked into by the Council the Government.

Statement

Names of technical institutions approved by the statutory All India Council for Technical Education (State-wise)

ANDHRA PRADESH

1. Engineering College, Eluru, West Godavari District.
2. Indian Institute of Advanced Management. Vishakapatnam.

HARYANA

3. B. P. S. Mahila Polytechnic, Kanya Gurukul Khanper Kalan, District Sonepat.
4. Government Polytechnic, Narnaul, District Mahindragarh.
5 Sushant School of Arts and Architecture, Sushant Lok, Gurgaon.

KARNATAKA

6. Sandoor Polytechnic, Yeswantnagar.
7. Peoples Education Society Engineering College, Bangalore.

KERALA

8. Government Polytechnic, Kasargod.
9. Government Polytechnic, Badagara.
10. Government Women's Polytechnic, Kayamkulam.

MADHYA PRADESH

11. Government Engineering College, Sagar.
12. Government Engineering College, Jagdalpur.
13. Government Engineering College, Jaora.
14. Government Engineering College, Nowgong.
15. Government Polytechnic, Korba.
16. Government Polytechnic, Pachore.
17. Government Women's Polytechnic, Raipur.
18. Government Women's Polytechnic, Barhanpur.

19. Government Women's Polytechnic, Jagdalpur.

20. Government Women's Polytechnic, Jabalpur.

21. Government Women's Polytechnic, Khargone.

22. Government Women's Polytechnic, Sagar.

23. Government Polytechnic, Vidhishah.

24. Government Polytechnic, Mandla.

MAHARASHTRA

25. Engineering College, Lonare.

25. Kamla Nehru College of Pharmacy, Aurangabad.

27. College of Architecture, Nasik.

PUNJAB

28. Government Polytechnic, Barnala.

29 Government Polytechnic, Chhapianwali Malout, District Faridkot.

RAJASTHAN

30. M.L.V. Textile Institute, Bhilwara.

31. Government Polytechnic, Pali.

32. Government Polytechnic, Chittorgarh.

33. Government Girls Polytechnic, Bikaner.

TAMIL NADU

34. Central Electro-chemical Research Institute, Karaikudi.

35. P. S. N. Ramaswamy Ayyar Memorial Polytechnic for Girls, Trichirapalli.

36. Noorul Islam College of Engineering, Thiruvitamcode, Kanyakumari.

UTTAR PRADESH

37. Janata Polytechnic, Jahangirbad.

WEST BENGAL

38. Darjeeling Polytechnic, Kurseong.

DADRA AND NAGAR HAVELI

39. Government Polytechnic Silvassa.

PONDICHERRY

40. Government Polytechnic, Karaikal.

Construction of Bye-pass in Dangiawas in Rajasthan

425. SHRI B. L. PANWAR: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the project submitted by the Rajasthan Government for construction of a bye-pass in Dangiawas near Jodhpur for linking with the roads in Pali and Barmer districts upto Jaiselmer, is pending before the Ministry of Defence;

(b) what is the amount involved in this project and by when the Ministry of Defence is going to sanction and finalise the said project; and

(c) whether it is also a fact that a proposal for widening the road upto Pokaran for defence purposes is also pending sanction of funds by the Ministry of Defence?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (DR. RAJA RAMANNA): (a) No proposal has been received in the Ministry of Defence from the Rajasthan Government. However, the main Ministry of Surface Transport has sanctioned an estimate for acquisition of land for construction of 43.1 km long Jodhpur bye-pass. Its eastern end takes off from 1 km west of village Dungiawas. The bye-pass length km o|o to km 2|400 will pass through the lands of village Dungiawas. Further action could be taken only on completion of land acquisition.

(b) The cost of the work can be determined only after the lands are taken over and detailed estimates are prepared.

(c) The widening of the Jodhpur-Pokaran road from single lane to two lane width is in progress.